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(b) An order under this bye-law may be expressed to be operative for a specified time or until the premises or any part thereof specified in the order have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Health Officer or may be expressed to be in operation so long as any other reasonable precautions specified in the order are taken.

8. No person who knows that he is suffering from a dangerous disease shall take any book or cause any book to be taken for his use, or use any book taken from any public or circulating library.

9. (a) No person having the charge or control of the body of any person who has died while suffering from a dangerous diseases shall permit or suffer persons to come unnecessarily into contact with, or proximity to, the body.

(b) No person shall, without the sanction in writing of the Health Officer, keep or suffer in any premises for more than 12 hours the body of any person who has died while suffering from any dangerous disease.

(c) If any such body remains undisposed of for more than 12 hours without the sanction referred to in clause (b) above, or if the dead body of any person is kept or suffered to be kept in any building, or of any adjoining or neighbouring build[illegible]g, any Magistrate may, on the application of the Health Officer, order the body to be removed and disposed of within a specified time by the Corporation.

(d) The expenses of the removal and disposal of any such dead body shall be borne by the Corporation, but such expenses may be recovered as if it were a tax due to the Corporation from any person who would have been legally liable therefor but for such removal and disposal, unless in the opinion of the Corporation he is too poor to do so.

(e) If any person dies in a hospital or a place of temporary accommodation for the sick, while suffering from a dangerous disease and the Health Officer certifies that in his opinion it is desirable in order to prevent the spread of infection, that the body should not be removed from such hospital or place except for the purposes of being taken direct to a burial or burning ground or a crematorium for being forthwith buried or cremated, no person shall remove the body from the hospital or place except for such a purpose.

(f) When the body is removed for the purpose aforesaid, it shall forthwith be taken direct to a burial or burning ground or a crematorium and there buried or cremated with the least practicable delay.

10. Any one who removes the corpse of any person who has died of any dangerous disease shall bury or burn with such corpse any cloths or clothes used for conveying the same.

11. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on the calling of a washerman or barber or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of such calling. No leper and no person suffering as aforesaid shall beg in any public street.

12. No washerman shall carry on his calling on the occurrence of any dangerous disease in his premises and he shall not resume his calling without the permission of the Health Officer.

13. On the occurrence of any dangerous disease in his premises a washerman shall retain all clothes in his possession until the written permission of the Health Officer has been obtained to return them to the owners.

14. A washerman shall at once report to the Health Officer or the Divisional Health Inspector all cases of dangerous disease coming to his notice in the course of his calling.

15. The person in charge of any premises used for carrying on the calling of a dhobi shall store or cause to be stored soiled clothes in separate rooms.

16. No person shall wash soiled clothing in the source or sources of the public water-supply.

17. If in the opinion of the Health Officer there is imminent danger of the introduction of dangerous epidemic disease, the Commissioner may, (with the sanction of the Government) by public notice, prohibit the entry into municipal limits of person or persons during a specified period. No vagrant or professional beggar shall after such notice and during such specified period enter the municipal limits.

18. In the event of the prevalence of a dangerous disease in the municipal limits, on the application of the Health Officer, any Magistrate not being a Magistrate of the third class, having local jurisdiction shall have power to prohibit either generally or by special order any individual case, assemblages consisting of any number of persons exceeding fifty, in any place, whether public or private, or in any circumstances or for any purpose, if in his opinion such assemblages in such place, in such circumstances or for such purpose, would be likely to become a means of spreading the disease or of rendering it more virulent.

19. The Health Officer or any other officer authorised by him may enter upon any premises and take such steps as may be necessary for the purpose of destroying the rats, mice, and other animals susceptible to plague infesting the same, after giving not less than 24 hours previous notice to such occupier or owner.

20. (1) Whoever infringes any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and in case of a continuing breach with a fine which may extend to Rs. 15 for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach, or

(2) with fine which may extend to Rs. 10 for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

7735 K. HENJERAPPA,
Commr.

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSING OFFICER, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MALUR.

Notification dated 13th January 1954.

Under Sections 70 and 71 (1) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

No. A. O. 7—53-54. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Malur Town, that the revision of assessment for 1954-55, in respect of all buildings and lands in Malur Town, Municipal limits, has been completed and the assessment list is kept open for inspection in the Municipal Office. Every person claiming to be either owner or occupier of property included in the list, and any agent of such person, shall be at liberty to inspect the list during office hours on all working days and to make extracts therefrom without change. Objections, if any, to the said assessment may be preferred or made by application in writing and left at the Municipal Office, Malur, on or before Saturday, the 27th February 1954. Objections received after the due date will not be considered.

Further, the objections received in the Municipal Office in due time, will be heard by the Revising Authority, on Monday the 1st March 1954, between 9 A.M. and 12 NOON and 3 P.M. and 6 P.M. at the Municipal Office, Malur.

1780 A. MALLE GOWDA,
Assessing Officer.

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSING OFFICER, TOWN MUNICIPAL OFFICE, MADHUGIRI.

Notification dated 25th January 1954.

Under Sections 70 and 71 (1) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Madhugiri Town that the Revision of Assessment for the year 1954-55 in respect of buildings and lands in Madhugiri Town Municipal limits has been completed and the said Assessment list is kept open for inspection in the Municipal Office. Every person claiming to be either owner or occupier of the property included in the list and any agent of such person shall be at liberty to inspect the list during office hours on all working days and also to make extracts therefrom free of charge.

Further objections, if any, to the proposed Assessment should be preferred or made by application in writing to the Assessing Officer, Town Municipal Office, Madhugiri on or before 28th February 1954. All such objections received by the Assessing Officer will be heard by the revising authority on the 4th March 1954 at the Town Municipal Office, Madhugiri.

1860 K. S. BRAHMARAYAPPA,
Assessing Officer